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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/530,180	04/04/2005	Go Nagaya		5597
23373 SUGHRUE M	7590 04/21/200 ION PLLC	EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			VANAMAN, FRANK BENNETT	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N. DC 20037	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	. ,		3618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/21/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

1	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/530,180	NAGAYA, GO	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Frank B. Vanaman	3618	

	Frank B. Vanaman	3618					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 07 April 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
 X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	the same day as filing a Notice of a replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth						
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(i		FIRST REPLY WAS FI	ED WITHIN TWO				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date in have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period value of 27 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office there may reduce any earmed patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1: ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the property of the pr	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	of the date of appeal. Since				
AMENDMENTS							
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t They raise new issues that would require further cor They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belowed) 	nsideration and/or search (see NOT		cause				
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or		lucing or simplifying t	ne issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).							
 4. ☐ The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324) 5. ☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): the rejection under 35 USC \$112, second paragraph. 6. ☐ Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling. 							
non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov		be entered and an ex	planation of				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-6</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing- entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail:	to provide a				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.				
The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).						
	/Frank B Vanaman/						
	Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 3618					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the arguments submitted are not persuasive. As regards the connection of the steering rod, note that Baker anticipates that the arrangement is steerable, but does not explicitly call out a steering rod. It is old and well known to connect a steering rod to a pivotable portion of a wheel mount to allow it to be steered as is well described in the prior art of record, which was previously mentioned. Applicant is reminded that the exceedingly broad claims merely recite a relationship of being 'connected' absent any further particulars. A steering rod attached to any pivotable portion of the arrangement taught by Baker would be 'connected', to the breadth applicant has actually recited this limitation in the claims, to the second knuckle. It appears as though applicant is arguing limitations to a different (narrower) scope than they are actually recited in the claims. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, otherwise un-claimed limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re-Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993), As applicant should be well aware, during patent examination, the pending claims must be given their broadest reasonable interpretation consistent with the specification. In re Hyatt, 211 F.3d 1367, 1372, 54 USPQ2d 1664, 1667 (Fed. Cir. 2000), Applicant always has the opportunity to amend the claims during prosecution, and broad interpretation by the examiner reduces the possibility that the claim, once issued, will be interpreted more broadly than is justified. In re-Prater, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-51 (CCPA 1969) The court explained that "reading a claim in light of the specification, to thereby interpret limitations explicitly recited in the claim, is a quite different thing from 'reading limitations of the specification into a claim," to thereby narrow the scope of the claim by implicitly adding disclosed limitations which have no express basis in the claim." The court found that applicant was advocating the latter, i.e., the impermissible importation of subject matter from the specification into the claim.). See also In re Morris, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). As regards the reference to lizuka et al. and the provision of an "in-wheel" motor, the examiner notes that lizuka's arrangement is as much of an "in-wheel" arrangement as that illustrated by applicant at figure 1, and explicitly referred to by applicant's own words (see, e.g., applicant's own specification at page 5, lines 5-7, page 6, lines 6-8, 21-23, etc.). As such, the use of a reference such as lizuka et al. appears to be commensurate with applicant's own implied definition of "in-wheel". Applicant's comments concerning the motor of lizuka et al. being disconnected are noted, but are not clear. Applicant is explicitly invited to point out where in the office action the examiner has asserted that "the non rotating part and the steered linkage are disconnected from each other in Baker and lizuka". As regards both Baker and lizuka et al., both references teach "CV joint like" couplings. Baker's is at 26, lizuka et al's is interestingly proximate the same reference numeral, namely 26. Both joints, illustrated as universal joints, serve to function as CV joints under a range of relatively small angles in that the average velocity of the output shaft matches that of the input shaft even though there is a (variable) angle between input and output.